Anarchist Weekly 43

JANUARY 15 1966 Vol 27 No 2

Poor Police?

THE Daily Express is of course one of our more reactionary newspapers (though compared to its sister the Sunday Express it is mild). The Sunday Express seems to be published simply for the purpose of insulting members of the Labour Party because they are behaving like members of the Conservative Party (which, of course, is the party that the Sunday Express supports).

Now this newspaper has never, at any time that this writer can remember, been a champion of working-class action for better pay and conditions, but when it comes to the police one would imagine that they were starving in rags to hear the sad story that is told. This Monday (10.1.66) an article appeared in the Express calling for a better deal for the poor policemen. We were told that a policeman's job is a lousy one, as are many, many other not-so-well-paid jobs (this however was not mentioned), that policemen have a lot to put up with, that crime was increasing and that they should have a substantial rise in pay.

The article was written by one Sir Peter Rawlinson, QC, MP.

'Yet the policeman, who is abused by the motorist, is the same man who may be struggling with armed thugs whose objective may be that same motorist's house. He is the same man who is called from his home for extra duty because of some public demonstration and he has to stand impassive, linked in a cordon facing a horde of people, while professional agitators among the genuine demonstrators roll ball-bearings under the police horses and shout insults hoping to provoke the less experienced officers into losing their tempers in front of the television cameras."

Well, well, Sir Peter Rawlinson, your prejudices are certainly showing. have yet to read an article on the police force that does not mention the fact that policemen are dragged from their homes and families in order to stop horrible demonstrators from wrecking the place. I could, of course, let my prejudices show and say that working men have been torn from picket lines where they have been trying to get better conditions during industrial disputes, and been beaten up in the Black Maria (Shell Mex dispute). That motorists can't all be wrong, and you won't find many who actually like policemen. That the police do a bloody poor job of protecting the private citizen's property, but are always saying that it would be better if he shelled them out more money. That on demonstrations 'professional' agitators very rarely get the chance to roll anything, as they are usually picked out and arrested right at the very beginning (George Clark), but I won't.

believes that 'all coppers are bastards', for I have seen them act with great patience, too, during demonstrations where very unprofessional demonstrators have shouted insults and even thumped

ANARCHY The White Problem NOW ON SALE

ANARCHY is Published by Freedom Press at 2s. on the first Saturday of every month

policemen who were being perfectly nonviolent. I do not, however, believe that giving policemen more money is going to solve the 'crime wave'. One reason against giving policemen more, is that being a policeman is like being a nurse and that just to give more money (when the job is a vocation) would lower the standard and bring in the riff-raff. Well, if that argument is good enough for a Tory government about the nurses, it should remain so for the police who, after all, must be incorruptible.

The reason the 'crime rate' has risen, is partly because crowding people together in towns makes them anti-social (which is something that nothing is going to be done about), and that these people who are crowded together do not act together to defend their homes and families. Of course their homes and families are not in very much danger because there are so many people that one crime a minute (though it may be a headache to the police and judges), is a drop in the bucket compared with the number of people who are not robbed, raped and murdered. But if, for example, each street decided to make sure that there would be a group of people in that street who were responsible for the security of the inhabitants (as well as being responsible to them), I rather fancy that the petty burglar hearing of this would keep away. However, whether the police would like it would be another matter.

This is not a 'free society' and giving the police more power would certainly make it less so, but the answer lies with the people. Probably they would prefer to delegate their responsibilities to someone else though.

JAFSIE.

The Does the Us seek wider war?

▲ TTENTION must be drawn to the American war preparations in Thailand (Siam). It is little known that the American planes that bomb North Vietnam take off from airports in Thailand. (Did any legaleagle complain about the violation of Cambodian and Laos air territory?) In Bangkok is the headquarters of SEATO, with the presence of thousands of American soldiers under the excuse of recuperation from the Vietnam war. In fact they are using Bangkok for a brothel and with the imposition of their money-values are creating a corrupt state similar to that of South Vietnam.

The Americans have spent \$200 millions in the past five years in Thailand and while the world's attention was drawn to the Vietnam struggle they have quietly built adequate port facilities for a full-scale war, a road (almost finished) that leads to the Mekong Valley, several airports and great reserves of ammunition, latest weapons, tanks and the whole paraphernalia of war.

It is curious that neither the Russians nor the Chinese mention these massive war preparations.

On November 27, in a front-page article in FREEDOM, I said that if we wanted peace (with no enforced shifting of crisis) that would only come about by the direct action of the people in the locality. I said that the anti-government demonstrations all over the world were on their way to stop the war in Vietnam'. Our main concern is that the crisis should not shift somewhere else. There is a real danger, as soon as the great military road in Thailand is completed, of a sudden extension of the war to the whole of South-East Asia, with the possible use of nuclear weapons.

Readers may think that I am harping too much on roads and facilities. But it is partly the lack of these in South Vietnam, partly the natural hostility of the Vietnamese to the foreign invaders, partly the forthright Berkeley peace campaign in the homeland of the aggressors, partly the enormous but unevenly distributed profits out of war that have lost the war for the Pentagon. But was the whole Vietnam war no more than a breathing space until Thailand is fully prepared as the bulwark of the West?

P.S. The London Committee of 100 suggests that we demonstrate outside the American Embassy at 7.30 p.m. on the day that the Americans escalate the war by the bombing of Hanoi or Haiphong. We suggest that the extension of the war into other lands should be opposed the same way. But it is in Thailand that the opposition to the war must be the strongest.

Escalation into Genocide

THERE ARE GROWING signs—from the White House and the mass media -that the United States will bomb the cities of Hanoi, Haiphong, and the surrounding countryside, the agricultural heartland of North Vietnam. Before Johnson is sold on this policy by the Joint Chiefs of Staff and orders these air strikes. Americans should know what the orders mean. It is only twenty years since the high and mighty of the Allied world pointed self-righteous fingers at the German people—a people smothered by a brutal totalitarian state—for remaining 'silent' while Hitler committed genocide in virtually every corner of Europe. A time has come when Americans, living in a presumably 'democratic' country,

(This is the text of a leaflet issued by the New York Federation of Anarchists, 641 East Ninth St., N.Y.C., U.S.A., copies are available for distribution.)

are faced with an even greater moral crisis: to protest or remain silent in the face of genocidal actions of comparable proportions.

Hanoi is located at the foot of a plain called the Red River Delta. Three million people live and work in the city and on the surrounding agricultural plain. Just to the north of Hanoi are a series of dykes and dams which irrigate the plain and provide the area with hydroelectric power. If the dykes are bombed by the American Air Force, an incalculable number of people will die at once from drowning. Famine and plague, following the bombings, will cause the deaths of millions more who depend upon the rice crops in the Delta area. They will die from diseases carried by rotting bodies and from the famine caused by the destruction of the dykes.

Not only would the bombing of Hanoi and the dykes constitute a cold-blooded act of genocide, claiming millions of lives; not only could it be the beginning of a vast land war on the Asian continent with a provoked China intervening and the nuclear bombing of Chinese cities, followed by more mobilization and massive political repression in the United States: but the bombing would reflect a qualitatively new stage of moral degradation whose effects, beginning with mass murder in Hanoi, would eventually lead to mass murder in the Western world and in the United States itself.

We must face a basic fact about our time: modern technology has not only made it possible to kill millions of people in a single stroke through the use of nuclear weapons, but it has also rendered people 'superfluous' through the development of automation. In a humanistic society, where production is orientated towards man's liberation, this technology could mean freedom from material want and toil. It could mean the self-fulfilment of every individual, intellectually, physically, psychologically and spiritually.

In the vicious, coercive social order that prevails today, however, automation eliminates the need for workers and men are conceived of merely as disposable units of labour. In the prevailing social order, automation means that human life can be squandered as never before. In fact, the scientific destruction that marks our era-the electronic, chemical and nuclear techniques for impersonally destroying life that prevail today-are eroding the last vestiges of humanity in the modern mass murderers themselves. See how the Great Society budget dwindles as the cost of destruction grows.

All this in a year when the corporations reap the highest profits in history.

Flying ten thousand feet above their targets, a handful of natty men, merely by pressing a button can kill millions of their fellow human beings with cold impersonality. . . . Such men are reduced both spiritually and psychologically to the cold instruments of a destructive social order. They are the ones who are choosing to destroy with a technology that can be used to liberate all of mankind. Only when men take it upon themselves to use Technology in a humane way, to accept their responsibility to their fellow men, will it be possible to avoid this destruction.

Once started in Vietnam, where will the mass murder end? Having escalated the war in Vietnam from guerilla-like engagements to genocide, will we not also witness the escalation of the viciousness of the social order itself. In the US, where men are becoming 'superfluous' to production, can we live with the illusion that genocide will stop with the people of Asia, Africa, Latin America and Europe? Will the mass murderers, given free rein to claim life with their new toys, not stop until they have engulfed racial minorities, the old and infirm, and finally the unemployed and unemployable in the United States itself?

If Hanoi, Haiphong, and the dykes are bombed, North Vietnam will become America's Auschwitz, the agonizing slaughterhouse of three million human beings. If we do not speak up now to forestall this bombing, we will be witnessing the total triumph of profit over humanity, of genocide over life, of coersion over liberation. Eventually we will be the victims of the very horror Johnson threatens to unleash over South-East Asia. The new technology, which could liberate men from material want and toil, will be turned into the demoniacal instruments for massive destruction of life and the total subjugation of man.

We stand, now, not merely on the plain of the Red River Delta, but at a crossroads in the history of humanity. Our enemy is not the people of Vietnam. Our enemies are the power establishments on both sides of our divided world, the ruling elites who impede the full liberation of humanity from suffering, from insecurity, from want and toil.

THE WAR IN VIETNAM MUST BE STOPPED NOW, NOT ONLY IN THE INTERESTS OF THE VIETNAMESE PEOPLE BUT IN OUR OWN IN-TERESTS! IT MUST BE STOPPED NOW-WITHOUT ANOTHER SHOT BEING FIRED! AMERICAN TROOPS MUST BE WITHDRAWN IMMEDIATELY AND UNCONDI-TIONALLY!

South of the 32nd Parallel

A LL IS NOT well in the Dominican Republic, flare-ups continue to occur, even as recently as a few days ago. It will be remembered that last year the US moved hundreds of troops into the Dominican Republic on the pretext of smashing a supposed communist takeover. As was to be expected, this was proven to be a load of hog-wash. The Dominicans wanted to change their oppressor, and the one they had in mind was not agreeable to Dominican vested

interests or the American Government,

and up went the balloon. The Organisation of American States sent a peace-keeping force and by a I am not one of those anarchists who strange coincidence 75% of the American forces remained to give them a hand, From then on diplomatic chicanery took over, whose first duty it was to save American 'face' and secondly help instal primarily a 'safe' President. Garcia Godoy got the job. He is described, politically, as 'middle of the road' which means a slight bias to the 'Right', but certainly not 'Right' enough for some

> of the Army leaders. President Godoy is only provisional and therefore one of his tasks is to prepare the ground for elections. He therefore decided to 'exile with pay' rebel army leaders of the 'left' and 'right', sorting them out jobs in Washington and London, etc. The regular army revolted and took over the Government Radio, surrounded the Presidential Palace and set up road blocks. It is reported that the 'peace force' refused to help Godoy regain the station. In any case the army has returned the radio station to the OAS, on condition that it was used solely

> for non-political purposes. According to some sources, American officials tried to dissuade the President from attacking the military. The American Government would rather see the 'right wing' army in control than a

liberal reformer.

How long can the US continue to control the Latin-American countries? Economically the US has them by the 'short hairs', but there are faint signs of revolt by national, private and state capitalists. Eduardo Frei, Chile's President, made 'Chileanisation' a plank of his presidential election campaign. Basically, Chile should be one of the richest countries in Latin America, with copper, timber and potential food production.

Mexican economy is one of the fastest growing in the world with a high unemployment rate of 18%. It is estimated that at least \$2,500 of new investment is needed for each new job created-nearly \$1,000m. a year. At the present, total private and public investment amounts to \$14,000m. According to the economists this is not impossible. In Newsweek (10.1.66) Mexico is described as the 'New Octopus'. Mexican businessmen are tending to move south 'with an aggressiveness similar to that displayed by Yanqui capitalists in Mexico'.

El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Guatemala a few years ago formed a common market, which is successful in terms of finance for capitalism. Europe and Japan are pumping in fresh capital. Labour costs are probably the cheapest in the world.

It can be argued that this is better than having a revolution every other week, but are the ordinary people benefiting? Of course not. The divisions between 'haves' and 'have-nots' is as great, if not greater, than it ever was. The workers in some of the Latin-American countries have a vast experience in Direct Action both in industry and agriculture but, as always, the politicoes take control, effect a compromise, and the game of politics continues to the certain detriment of the people.

BILL CHRISTOPHER.

hooks

We can supply any book in print

NEW BOOKS

Non-Violent Action: a Bibliography

April Carter 5/-Gunther Grass 18/-Selected Poems Kingsley Martin 35/-Father Figures Arthur Miller 21/-Incident at Vichy The Bit Between my Teeth

Edmund Wilson 42/cloth 7/6 Rationalist Annual 1966 paper 5/-

Understanding the Mass Media

N. Tucker 30/-REPRINTS AND CHEAP EDITIONS Classics and Commercials

Edmund Wilson 35/-The Shores of Light

Edmund Wilson 42/-

SECONDHAND

Life in a Garrison Town, Lieutenant Bilse (1904) 3/-; The Earthly Paradise (damp stained), William Morris 3/-; Letter from an Unknown Woman, Stefan Zweig 4/-; The Seventh Dominion (Palestine 1928), Josiah C. Wedgwood 3/6; Practical Town Planning, J. S. Nettlefold 4/6; Living Thoughts of Nietzche, (ed.) Heinrich Mann 4/6; Living Thoughts of Voltaire, (ed.) André Maurois 3/6; Faith, Reason and Civilization, Harold J. Laski 3/6; An Englishman Looks at the World, H. G. Wells 4/-; Red Russia Arms, John Baker White (1932) 6/-; The Self-Educator in Russian, Louis Segal 3/-; The Foundations of Modern Civilization, H. C. Thomas and W. A. Hamm 3/-; Social Thinking, Hyman Levy 3/6; Freedom in the Modern World, John MacMurray 3/6; The Social Horizon, George F. Millin 3/-; South Wind, Norman Douglas 3/-; Journey to Red China (1947), Robert Payne 3/-; The Principles of Revolution, C. Delisle Burns 4/-; The Theory of the Leisure Class, Thorstein Veblen 5/-;

Freedom Bookshop

(Open 2 p.m.-5.30 p.m. daily; 10 a.m.-1 p.m. Thursdays; 10 a.m.-5 p.m. Saturdays).

17a MAXWELL ROAD FULHAM SW6 Tel: REN 3736

FREEDOM PRESS PUBLICATIONS

SELECTIONS FROM 'FREEDOM'

Vol 2 1952: Postscript to Posterity Vol 3 1953: Colonialism on Trial Vol 4 1954: Living on a Volcano

Vol 5 1955: The Immoral Moralists Vol 6 1956: Oil and Troubled Waters Vol 7 1957: Year One-Sputnik Era

Vol 8 1048. Socialism in a Wheelchair Vol 9 1959: Print, Press & Public Vol 10 1960: The Tragedy of Africa

Vol 11 1961: The People in the Street Vol 12 1962: Pilkington v. Beeching Vol 13 1963: Forces of Law and Order Each volume: paper 7/6 cloth 10/6

The paper edition of the Selections available to readers of FREEDOM 1 5/6 post free.

VERNON RICHARDS Malatesta: His Life and Ideas cloth 21/-; paper 10/6.

E. MALATESTA Anarchy Paper 1/-

Delinquency 6d.

PROUDHON What is Property? cloth 42/-

ALEXANDER BERKMAN 4BC of Anarchism paper 2/6

HERBERT READ Poetry & Anarchism paper 2/6 ALEX COMFORT

PAUL ELTZBACHER Anarchism (Seven Exponents of the Anarchist Philosophy) cloth 21/-

RUDOLF ROCKER Nationalism and Culture -loth 21/-

HARLES MARTIN owards a Free Society 2/6

"9HN HEWETSON til-Health, Poverty and the State cloth 2/6 paper 1/-

VOLINE Nineteen-Seventeen (The Russian Revolution Betrayed) cloth 12/6 The Unknown Revolution (Kronstadt 1921, Ukraine 1918-21) cloth 12/6

E. A. GUTKIND The Expanding Environment (illustrated) boards 8/6

GEORGE BARRETT The Pirst Person (Selections) 2/6

HOW TO BE A TRUE INDIVIDUALIST

call him 'crank'. Or stupid.

TO BE A TRUE individualist one must

must kill off all the rest of the world

population. Then the animals, and after

that, the plants. These, in the end, are

also living entities. Alone, the indivi-

dualist can then say: 'The world is my

But, as the only human being on the

planet, the true individualist will dis-

cover, much to his dismay, that he has

a body that exerts a tyranny over him.

It demands food, and certain pleasures.

He will then be forced to grow vegetables

and if vegetarianism doesn't satisfy him,

raise cattle. It is his first step towards

losing the sovereignty of the true indi-

vidual. His hunger satisfied, he then

finds that there are other hungers. He

might, obsessed by going it alone, satisfy

those hungers with masturbation, but he

will find it is a poor replacement for the

original. He will then create woman, for

whom he will invent the words love,

warmth and tenderness. To his amaze-

ment, he will discover that he loses more

of his sovereignty as he realizes that lying

with woman means mutual participation

in the act of love if the words love,

warmth and tenderness are to become

sensations and feelings and not a cold

amazement, unless he masters the Yoga

technique of putting back the semen from

where it came, he will see that more

sovereignty is lost when the woman gets

pregnant. The woman's state might

make him feel isolated, the woman's love

for her offspring might make him feel

unloved, but he will find the way out

by saying: 'I gain immortality with a

dualist finds that he either has to repress

the child by saying: 'He is a selfish

monster and I must keep him in line',

or give him all the freedom the child

needs. He either becomes an authori-

tarian bastard or a loving adult who is

responsible and respects the right of the

child to happiness, declaring him an

individual. It is then the complete loss of

the sovereignty of the true individualist.

He arrives at the conclusion that man,

woman and child are all individuals, but

dependent on each other. He can say:

'We're all in the same boat, but we can

all have our little corner to ourselves'.

As time goes by, he discovers that the

boat gets more and more crowded, thanks

to the woman. He is forced to admit

that more sovereignty is lost as the crowd

becomes a community who, strange

though it may seem to him, is composed

of individuals who all have the same

needs. He is either forced to work as

the rest to supply those needs, or to

declare himself a rebel and go it alone,

spurning the others. He invents the

word 'herd' to distinguish himself as an

individual. He drops the adjective 'true'

To go it alone means isolation from

the herd. The top of a mountain, the

jungle, a small uninhabited island are the

ideal places for contemplating one's

navel. But, unless his mind is in the

perpetual blankness of nirvana, the indi-

vidualist finds that his brain has ideas.

They revolve in such a way, that he

finds he must tell someone about them.

He discovers that communication is also

a human need, so he abandons the moun-

The individualist will then talk about

his ideas. If he finds approval in others

to his words, he will feel pleased. If he

does not, he will feel frustrated. Or

indifferent. But he will go to those who

will listen to him, with whom he can say

he has an 'identity'. Despising the word

'herd', he will find himself in the midst

of a group or sect enclosed in neat corral

fences, all with his same ideas. It is an-

other loss of the sacred sovereignty of in-

dividualism and anguish begins. Frustra-

FRUSTRATION INCREASES

tain.

and terms himself individualist.

As the newborn grows, the true indivi-

seducer's advertisement. To his further

ovster'. Or, 'I am God'.

be alone in the world. For that, one

The individualist denies that man is inherently good and that Mutual Aid exists. He is only concerned with the here and now, denying that anarchism is possible as a form of society and, if an anarchistic society comes about, it can only be produced by tension between sovereign individuals. History is full of examples of tension between sovereign individuals. Kings versus kings, statesmen versus statesmen, businessman versus buinessman, nation against nation, all can claim individualism. The difference between an anarchist individualist and an authoritarian one is only that the latter have no scruples to slit throats. But both are in essence the same kind of overambitious mediocrity. In the first, mediocrity and scruples make him a nihilist, an old-fashioned term for a coward looking for the easiest way out. In the second, mediocrity is dressed up with pomp to hide the knife, the weapon also the preference of cowards. A Beethoven could say to a prince: 'Princes come and go, but there is only one Beethoven', but an individualist cannot say 'I am Beethoven', or 'I have the same genius as Beethoven had', unless he proves it, like Beethoven did. And in the proving

there is a lot of frustration, caused by the surrounding mediocrities. The genius is above his time.

With freedom, a man can express himself in many ways. He can turn to the arts to satisfy himself, and if navel contemplation is his form of expression after he has done his work, he will idolize his navel. If he is conscious of his limitations, he will know of the division talent and no-talent, and he will come to terms with himself, or the whims of a distorted ego. To say 'I am only concerned with the here and now' is to say 'After me, the deluge'. It is the old cry of the politician. It is 'The here and now is no freedom, we are in a vicious circle, let's take advantage of it by becoming bastards'.

MUTUAL AID

A politician can also speak about Mutual Aid, as it is a good excuse for taxation. If he is listened to, it is because Mutual Aid is an unconscious drive in the human being, or because it is an appealing idea. The misfortune of Mutual Aid and its sister, solidarity, is that it is only seen working during catastrophes: an earthquake, a fire, famines. It goes unnoticed in acts like helping the homeless with floor space of

one's own, in taking care of somebody else's baby, because these unpublicized acts are always done by private individuals and not institutions. The saying 'Today you, tomorrow me' was not created out of thin air. But, if Mutual Aid is not an unconscious drive in the human being as the individualist says, it is at least a good idea and it seems worthwhile to struggle to put it into effect. To deny it and remain on the sideline, is to sabotage the idea. Man is not born knowing. He can live in fear all his life and consider it his natural states unless he finds out that fear, in most instances, is artificially created by the taboos of society. And how is he to find out if not with experiment? Curiosity leads to experiment, and no individualist can deny that the human being is curious. Nor can he deny that necessity is the mother of invention, and if Mutual Aid does not exist, the need for it would have it invented.

The individualist says that any man has the right to maintain his purity as an individual. He will not condemn the murderer, he will allow a man to slit another's throat without interfering. He does not ask himself why a man should

Continued on page 3

News from Nowhere

THE SLIGHT CHANGE in the title is due to the lack of response from groups, although, I believe, Peace News quoted the story of the white bikes. This column, I repeat, is open to all groups and individuals who wish to show a sign of life.

LETTER FROM AMERICA

The New York Times magazine on November 7 published an account of what it calls 'the new underclass'. Here is an excerpt from a letter we received from a comrade:

You would be encouraged to see the spread of the anarchist idea in America. As you probably know, the new left in America has a deeper 'inner affinity' for anarchism than for either liberalism or socialism. Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) and the Student Non-Violent Co-ordinating Committee (SNCC) are anarchist both in ends and means (participatory democracy). FREEDOM is read in these circles and frequently discussed—even in an out of the way place like Buffalo. The editor of the student newspaper here is an avowed and serious anarchist-he is a very bright young man well-grounded in anarchist theory and history—and I suspect we will be seeing more of his type in years to come. The leadership of the local SDS chapter is explicitly anarchist and the whole organization, locally and nationally, is implicity anarchist. It would be good if FREEDOM could make connection with the student movement here in the US. 'we zijn TROTS op je!'

This headline appears in the latest issue of the excellent Dutch anarchist magazine de vrije. They are not turning trots -it means 'we are proud of you' and happens to be a translation of P. Pawlowski's account of demonstration outside Brixton prison where Brian Lomass and Roy Mills were held (FREEDOM 11.12.65).

IT COULD BE YOUR CHILD

Paul Pawlowski has put out a leaflet asking people to co-operate with him tion increases, the cry of 'individualist, bringing a Vietnamese child here away individualist' becomes hysterical. It is from the suffering. Paul's address is his recurrent theme. Others begin to 9 Tavistock Road, Croydon, Surrey.

'FREEDOM' IN THE MARKET PLACE

West Ham anarchists sold 60 copies of Freedom in Petticoat Lane last Sunday and intend to go back again despite threats from the police.

BIRMINGHAM EDITION OF 'ANARCHY'

I notice in the newsletter that P. Neville assiduously sends out that Anarchy is planning an entire edition on Birmingham. 'If anyone is willing to produce informed articles on Housing, Town Planning, Welfare Service, Race Relations, Industry and so on' they should let P. Neville know at 12 South Grove, Erdington, Birmingham, 23.

Also that there was a special meeting of the Midlands Projects for Peace Working Group convened by Eric Harrison, December 28, at Paul James, 50 Windermere Road, Birmingham, 21. It was attended by members of the Committee and Anarchist Group and several other interested people. It was decided to investigate the possibility of starting a Peace Bookshop cum Coffee Bar with room or rooms for a Peace Action Centre attached (to provide meetings and also accommodation for visiting peace workers engaged on peace projects), and it is hoped that this will ultimately be selffinancing. This is at present being investigated. A second project was that a Factory for Peace should be established in the Midlands. After some discussion it was felt that a toy factory would be appropriate. Investigations are being made in the Shropshire, and Gloucestershire areas. One comrade has already volunteered to participate on a full-time basis.

HAVE WITH YOU TO SAFFRON WALDEN'-(Thomas Nashe)

Our initial group meeting was highly successful. There were ten of us-we had a discussion of anarchism. For the January meeting, Des McDonald is going to come and talk about syndicalism, and we hope to have other speakers on various aspects of anarchism.

We still think there are plenty more people to be brought in: there must, for example, be some in Cambridge and other sympathisers in the Saffron Walden

John Huckett and I both have vans, and we provide a ferry service for meetings. Anyone who wished to come but had no transport would only need to let us know and we'd arrange to pick him up. The same applies to visitors from London. There is a good train service from Liverpool Street to Audley End, and anyone can be met there who likes to tell us what time.

NO BOMBS IN CARDIFF

Firstly a 24 hours fast took place on Christmas Eve and a collection was taken for Oxfam. Posters used were 'Who loses in Vietnam . . ?' and several of our own including:

'The World needs

schools, factories, hospitals-Governments spend your money on guns, bombs, wars.'

Oxfam was asked, if possible to divide the money equally between N. and S. Vietnam. The sum of money collected was £183.

Secondly, several weeks ago a Labour Party rally took place. We expected Dennis Healey but he didn't arrive and we were left with George Thomas as principal speaker who had to face questions prepared for Healey. Incidentally, the meeting had an interesting preliminary when the hall was cleared while police and dogs searched for a bomb. What does a bomb smell like?

When the meeting got under way practically all questions came from anarchists, who formed a reasonably large percentage of the number of those gathered to hear the words of wisdom. Questions about Rhodesia, Vietnam, and the 'Forces Leaflets' were all unsatisfactorily answered.

CHARITY BEGINS AT HOME

Can't we devise a scheme to increase the number of pages of FREEDOM? Or sell more copies?

Anarchist Federation of Britain

Co-ordinating Secretary: Frank Hirsh field, 4 Albert St., London, N.W.1.

London Anarchist Group 1&2

'Lamb and Flag', Rose Street, off Garrick Street, London, W.C.2. (Leicester Square tube) 7.45 p.m. All welcome. Sundays.

JAN. 16 Sid Parker Anarchism versus Socialism JAN. 23 'Freedom' Readers, Writers and Sellers meeting JAN, 30 'Jafsie' In Defence of 'Mucky' Stories Public Meetings every Sunday Hyde Park, 3 p.m.

Correspondence to David Boughton, 10 Gilbert

OFF-CENTRE LONDON DISCUSSION MEETINGS

Place, W.C.1.

3rd Wednesday of each month at Jack Robinson and Mary Canipa's, 21 Rumbold Road, S.W.6 (off King's Road), 8 p.m. Last Thursday in month at George Hayes', 174 McLeod Road, S.E.2. 3rd Friday of each month at 8 p.m. at Donald and Irene Rooum's, 148a Fellows Road, Swiss Cottage, N.W.3.

4th Friday of each month at 8 p.m. at David Bell's, 19 Aberdeen Road, Highbury, N.5. WANDSWORTH LIBERTARIANS. Correspondence to Tony Cadman, 116 Tilehurst Road, Earlsfield, London, S.W.19.

REGIONAL FEDERATIONS AND GROUPS

ABERDEEN GROUP. Meets at the Adelphi 2.30 p.m. every Sunday, Correspondence to I. R. Mitchell, 137 Faulds Gate, Aberdeen. ARLESEY GROUP (N. Herts., S. Beds.). Meetings on first Friday of month. Correspondence to Peter and Maureen Ford, 102 Stotfold Road, Arlesey, Beds.

BEXLEY ANARCHIST GROUP. Correspondence to Paul Wildish, 2 Cumbrian Avenue, Barnehurst, BIRMINGHAM ANARCHIST GROUP. Details of meetings from Peter Neville, 12 South Grove,

Erdington, Birmingham, 23, BRISTOL FEDERATION. Enquiries to Ian Vine, 3 Freeland Place, Hotwells, Bristol, 8. CARDIFF ANARCHIST GROUP. Contact Mike Crowley, 36 Whitaker Road, Tremorfa, Cardiff. DUNDEE GROUP contacts: (1) Bob and Una Turnbull, 44 Peddie Street, Dundee. Meetings at 44 Peddie Street, Dundee, every Saturday at 3 p.m. (2) Sheila Whittaker, 64 Polepark Road, Dundee.

GLASGOW ANARCHIST GROUP ONE. Correspondence to Robert Lynn, 2b Saracen Head Lane, Glasgow, C.1. MANCHESTER ANARCHIST GROUP. Contact:

Mike Mitchell, 3 Bakewell Road, Droylesden. Meetings alternate Tuesdays, 8 p.m. at the Lord Nelson, Chapel Street, Manchester. ILFORD LIBERTARIANS. Regular meetings and direct action contact 212 Vicarage Road, Leyton, E.10.

MERSEYSIDE FEDERATION. Enquiries: Barbara Renshaw, 4 Clarence Road, Devonshire Park, Birkenhead, Cheshire. NORTH-WEST ESSEX. Meetings on the first Saturday of each month at 7.30 p.m. at Robert Barltrop's, The Old Vicarage, Radwinter, near Saffron Walden. January meeting on the 8th. ORPINGTON ANARCHIST GROUP. Knockholt, Nr. Sevenoaks, Kent. Every six weeks at Green-

ways, Knockholt. Phone: Knockholt 2316. Brian and Maureen Richardson. Next meeting: January 23, 5 p.m. OXFORD ANARCHIST GROUP, Contact H. G. Mellor, Merton College, Oxford.

READING ANARCHIST GROUP. Meets second Tuesday of month at Friends' Meeting House, Church Street (off London Street), 8 p.m. Correspondence: Phillip Lord, 160 Castle Hill, SOUTHALL ANARCHIST GROUP. Get in

touch with Roger Sandell, 58 Burns Avenue, Southall, Middlesex.

SURREY ANARCHISTS are invited to meetings on the first Thursday of every month at Chris Torrance's (63 North Street, Carshalton, Surreyplease ring three times). Meetings 7.30 p.m. WEST HAM ANARCHISTS. Contact Mr. Karl Taylor, 98 Clova Road, Forest Gate, London, E.7. Meetings on Wednesdays.

PROPOSED GROUPS

LEICESTER TOWN & GOWN. Get into touch with P. Gibbon, c/o Students' Union, Leicester University.

HARLOW. Proposed Group. Get in touch with Keith Nathan, 12 Shawbridge, Harlow, Essex.

LEWISHAM, LONDON, S.E. Have baby. Can't travel. Seek sympathisers/comrades in area. Mike and Alison Malet, 61 Granville Park, S.E.13.

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE. Anyone interested get in touch with Bob Yorke, 69 Grumbold Avenue, Raunds, Wellingborough, Northants.

NORTHOLT ANARCHISTS. Projected formation of group contact Jim Huggon, 173 Kingshill Avenue, Northolt, Middlesex or Miss Jean McLean, 6 Epsom Close, Northolt Park, Middlesex.

SCARBOROUGH. Any anarchist-minded persons please contact John B. Feetenby, 29 Cambridge Street, Scarborough, Yorks.

ABROAD

NEW ZEALAND. Auckland Anarchist Group. Public Meetings every Sunday in Myers Park at 2 p.m.

POLICE AT WORK

THOUGHT-POLICE RAID IN MELBOURNE

An Australian correspondent writes:

As you may have heard by now, this week in Melbourne a police raid was carried out on the premises of the Scientology organisation here and their files and other documents were seized. Some of the Scientologists were caught in the act of burning their own documents and then prevented from doing so.

It happened within hours of certain sections of the Psychological Practices Act becoming law, a panic Act of such appalling ignorance that it is difficult not to see in the total situation some parallels with Germany in 1933. Not least of them is the fact that I seem to be the only person who has noticed the parallel.

I have found myself forced to defend certain aspects of Scientology, although by the time I left England I had reached the conclusion that it was all but indefensible. I hope I shall be able to make it clear, though, that it is the prin-

ciple I am concerned with, the undertones of Fascism, the ignorance, the idea that anything, even if it is 'evil', can be controlled by banning and burning. The reason given, of course, is that in the Scientology files was material which could give rise to blackmail. The same material is now in the hands of the Attorney General, Purity Rylah. Need I say more?

It sounds hysterical to say that it is a Catholic plot, but that is what it is. The television interviewer who first put a Scientologist on the spot, the Labour senator who first instituted the inquiry, and the QC who was the 'Board' that conducted the inquiry and wrote the report, are all Catholics.

That incredible document reminds me of nothing so much as the 'Malleus Maleficarum', though I fancy the QC concerned thought he was writing a sort of Summa Scientologica.

OBSCENITY CHARGE IN US

L'D SANDERS, POET and editor of FUCK YOU | a magazine of the Arts, was arrested at his bookstore, the PEACE EYE BOOKSTORE, at 5.00 am on January 2. The charge was possession of obscene publications. Police seized current and back issues of FUCK YOU! a magazine of the Arts. Having entered the premises after closing hour ostensibly to investigate the possibility of a burglary (police officers claim that a window of the store had been broken), officers then proceeded to remove a considerable quantity of Sanders' publications. A friend went to Sanders' home and informed him that police were swarming in his store. When Sanders arrived a few minutes later he was placed under arrest by Sergeant Charles Fetta of the 9th precinct. FUCK YOU/a magazine

Friday when CND held an early

information meeting for the benefit of

the numerous organisations that usually

same as last year, starting from Hughen-

den Park, High Wycombe at 11 a.m. on

However, libertarian elements have

managed to push forward ideas that

anarchists have advocated for years. A

leaflet is being prepared, for example,

The route chosen is very much the

bolster up her Easter March.

of the Arts is a mimeographed publication which was founded four years ago by Ed Sanders. Poets published in FUCK YOU/a magazine of the Arts include Allen Ginsberg, Norman Mailer, Charles Olson, Robert Creeley, Robert Duncan, Gary Snyder, Michael McClure, Lawrence Ferlinghetti, Gregory Corso.

He is now free on 500 dollar bail. Expenses in preparing his case, including lawyer, mailing, and printing, will be between five hundred and one thousand dollars. 'If the authorities succeed in stomping out my poetry magazine, it will be one more creepy encroachment on our right to enjoy joyful, satirical, freaky, and politically sensitive writing of the types. I have been publishing. My first hearing is January 17,' Ed Sanders told us in a letter. He needs our solidarity.

which will give the 'true aims' of all SHALL WE MARCH? A N HONEST START was made last

> The march will again end at Trafalgar Square on Easter Monday and we sincerely hope that CND have other 'entertainment' to offer us than platitudinous speeches by MPs whose mere presence offends a large section of the

> The scope of anarchist participation in this year's march will be discussed at the 'Lamb and Flag' on Sunday, February 6.

preparations.

LETTER

Prejudice

Dear Comrades,

Easter Saturday.

In the current issue of FREEDOM there is a piece which purports to be an account of a talk I gave at the 'Lamb and Flag' on the subject of prejudice.

I do not accuse the reporter of trying to be unfair, indeed I actually recall having said a few of the things which he has retailed verbatim. But I do not think a report like that is in fact fair, as a great deal of unintentional distortion creeps in, in the process of trying to condense an hour's talk into a few hundred words.

Reading it, I was somewhat tickled by the preposterous nonsense of it, solemnly retailed. Readers of FREEDOM must be amused also at the grotesque proceedings which are alleged to go on at the 'Lamb and Flag'. Did they realize that anarchists are quite so wacky? A reporter from the Daily Mirror could hardly have done better. London

TONY GIBSON.

the organisations that take part. CND are also dispensing with marshals this year (how will Catholics and Communists know where to go?).

marchers.

In the meantime CND ought to be congratulated for such early start to its

FESTIVAL OF FOOLS

67 THE FESTIVAL OF FOOLS', staged by the London Co-operative Society Singers' Group, with a mixed cast of professionals and amateurs, has, by the end of its run, earned such a welldeserved success that there will now be two further performances on Saturday and Sunday, January 15 and 16.

The theme, a review of events of the past year, which are recalled in smoothly-timed, well-phrased illustrations of serious and humorous items, ballads and burlesques.

The message of it all is that we should each of us accept our share of responsibility for the world's evils though it was understandable that the main targets of derision were Wilson and LBJ with never a word against Russia or Red China.

However, despite this, it can be thoroughly recommended as entertainment.

MAKE SURE OF YOUR ANARCHIST JOURNALS BY SUBSCRIBING! Freedom WEEKLY

Price 4d. Every Saturday except the first in each month. (40 issues per year.)

BY POST: 1 year (40 issues) 22s. 6d. (U.S. \$3) 6 months (20 issues) 11s. 6d. (\$1.50)

3 months (10 issues) 6s. (75c.) SPECIAL RATE FOR 2 COPIES: 1 year (40 issues) 30s. (U.S. \$4.50) 6 months (20 issues) 15s. (\$2.25)

BY AIR MAIL: 1 year (40 issues) 45s. (U.S. \$7)

publishers:

CHARLES AND PARTY OF THE PARTY Cheques, P.O.'s and Money Orders should be made out to FREEDOM PRESS. crossed A/c Payee and addressed to the

Anarchy MONTHLY Price 2s. (2s. 3d. or 30c. by post) Appears first Saturday of each month.

BY POST: 1 year (12 issues) 26s. (U.S. \$3.50)

BY AIR MAIL: 1 year 47s. (\$7) JOINT SUB. FREEDOM/ANARCHY: 1 year 42s. (\$6), 6 months 22s. (\$3) 3 months 11s. 6d. (\$1.50)

2 COPIES OF EACH: 1 year 63s. (\$9), 6 months 31s. 6d. (\$4.50) FREEDOM by AIR MAIL. ANARCHY by SURFACE: 1 year 65s. (\$9.50)

> Freedom Press 17a MAXWELL ROAD. LONDON, S.W.6 Phone: RENown 3736

'Lobsters Not Long Enough: City Firms Fined'

THE AMERICANS CLAIMED that they 'have put everything into the basket of peace except the surrender of South Vietnam'. Time magazine chose General William C. Westmoreland, US Commander in South Vietnam as 'man of the year'. The citation said 'General Westmoreland was the sinewy personification of the American fightingman in 1965 who, through the monsoon mud of nameless hamlets. amidst the swirling sand of seagirt enclaves, atop the jungled mountains of the Vietnamese cordillera, served as the instruments of US policy quietly enduring the terror and discomfort of a conflict that was not yet a war, on a battlefield that was all no-man's-land'. PFC Timothy Johnson (19) of Milwaukee failed to reach the top of the basket to become 'Man of the Year'. He was killed in action, before he died he wrote 'Vietnam is hell, death and destruction. I don't see how a human being can live through it. If I get out of this, I'll live for humanity, because now I know what is going on in the world.' SP/4 Ronald Garska of Nebraska wrote home, 'We caught 131 civilians smuggling arms out of our area and turned them over to the Saigon troops. They lined them up and shot them. It didn't set too good with us but it was out of our hands.' A missionary, head of a leper hospital, was killed by a NLF ambush in South Viet-

CARL OGLESBY, a speaker at the recent March on Washington for Peace in Vietnam said in his speech, 'We have lost that mysterious social desire for human equity that from time to time has given us genuine moral drive. We have become a nation of young, bright-eyed, hardhearted, slim - waisted, bullet - headed make-out artists. We say "that the napalm in Vietnam is only another aspect

of humanitarian love"-like those exorcisms in the Middle Ages that so often killed the patient. So we say to the Vietnamese peasant, the Cuban intellectual, the Peruvian worker: "You are better dead than red. If it hurts or if you don't understand why-sorry about that".'

ACCORDING TO The Times Washington correspondent: 'American public opinion, as expressed in letters to Congressmen in recent weeks, has sharply turned against the war in Vietnam. About half of the writers are now utterly opposed to American involvement, and the pacifist trend is said to be increasing.' . . .

THE WEEK issued a statement about the Hull by-election in which it said 'we must make it clear that we identify ourselves with the Voice papers—particularly the Humberside edition—on this question (which opposes support of the Radical Alliance). We do so more in sorrow than anger. It is sad to find ourselves arguing against our colleagues in the Radical Alliance and we trust that we work together on many issues in the coming months despite this difference on tactics'. . . .

THE NATIONAL EXECUTIVE of the Labour Party refused to endorse the candidacy of John Palmer for North West Croydon. He halved the Tory majority in the last election, he is a unilateralist, opposes immigration control and is in favour of comprehensive public ownership under workers' control of the 'commanding heights' of the economy. The local Labour Party committee wrote to the Tribune complaining about this. Mr. Michael Foot, writing in the same issue says (his italics), 'Mr. Gott and his friends should face the truth that, within the

-The Times context of Labour Party politics, there is no sustainable argument whatever for his candidature at Hull.' . . .

THE DAILY WORKER is still discussing methods of attaining unity of the left. It reports (on the back page and three days after the Guardian): 'One of the German Democratic Republic's top film producers expressed "great shame" for having made a film damaging to socialism. The apology follows fierce and prolonged Party attacks on film and television artists and writers alleged to be developing a "cult of doubt and scepticism" about socialism's eventual success.' The film was called The Rabbit am I. The Daily Worker is looking for a new name. How about The Rabbit Fancier's Gazette? . . .

It is also reported in the Guardian that the headmaster of a school in Weimar has been instrumental in sending to prison two of his scholars for political reasons. The headmaster was reported as saying that certain parents were not meeting their responsibilities for the party education of their children. Instead, they allowed the children to hear radio and television programmes of the 'class enemy'. The result was that some of the children were displaying a certain indifference, even snobbery. Two Russian writers now under arrest in Moscow. Andrei Sinyavsky and Juli Daniyel, are shortly to be tried for publishing in the West works critical of Russian Communism. . . .

AGREEMENT HAS BEEN reached on a new version of the Lord's Prayer in French which will enable prayers to be more familiarly addressed to God.

JON QUIXOTE.

Faster, Faster

DART OF THE annual round of with how many people will be killed this time. It is as if Christmas, Whitsun, the summer and Easter were recurrent battles. The warriors are followed by entreaties and warned by flimsy rules as they go forth, but the outcome is always an appalling mass burial. And if this metaphor is thought far-fetched, you may like to know that in half a century twice as many people have been killed by automobiles in America as in all the wars in which the United States has ever engaged.

What are we to do about the motorcar? There seems scope almost for a new philosophic view of man. For the last hundred and fifty years, examination of the problems of humanity has begun from the relationship between man and the natural world: now, one is tempted to think, it had better begin by balancing him against his own technical innovations. One could re-examine the learned theories of play in which children act out the whole drama of homo sap.sitting behind toy steering wheels, brrr-oom, and whizz, and crrrunch.

Before our eyes western civilization has accepted subservience to the car. They are talking now of motorways becoming hundred-mile High Streets of the future: a ferro-concrete Jerusalem, with the green and pleasant land reduced to verges in between. Planning regulations require all new building to incorporate space for cars-play-space is not men-Cigarettes have become a menace, but automobile fumes are the smoke of sacred fires.

There is a great deal of naïvété in the apologetics for all this. When the first motorway opened, there were cries of triumph in the initial months when accidents were few. Faster roads were actually safer: motorways everywhere would solve the problem. In a few more months manufacturers were producing racing-cars for the roads, and chaincrashes par excellence began. Speed did kill, after all.

A lesser but depressing matter is the internal combustion engine's apparent tendency to produce mental stultification. The decay of personal literacy used to be lamented in consequence of the typewriter and telephone: now, the motor-car is putting an end to conversational art. Which way do you go to Norwich, then? Up the A.11, by Newmarket-bit of a bottleneck, that-and straight through. Oh, I go by the A.10 and cut across: quicker that way. What about the A.6? Listen, I was going that way just doing a steady fifty, and I got to that place where you fork right, and this half-wit cut across in front of me. . . . And all the time the barbaric slaughter continues.

Is there, then, any hope? Hope, that holidays now is the sad obsession is, apart from drilling children to make fear of moving automobiles a conditioned reflex and afforesting every roadside with signs, lights, commands? It may be simply that the motor-car is too powerful a weapon for any but the superhuman expert to handle: that its place is on racetracks with daring young men, not the wayfaring roads in anyone's hands.

> On the other hand, it does not have to be as destructively powerful as that. There is no reason, for example, why all -cars should not be built like seaside dodgems which cannot capsize, smash one another or run over people. Nor is there any reason why they must travel as fast. If it is agreed that speeds in excess of seventy miles an hour are dangerous not only to the driver (who may argue a right to break his neck if he likes) but to numbers of disinterested people, then the sensible thing should be to adjust the capacity of motor engines instead of proposing speed limits which are unenforceable anyway.

The 'but' to this kind of thing is obvious. Cars are commerce. Who wants a dodgem car and two whole minutes to cover a mile? What would become of Britain's major industry? The whole motivation of the motor-car fetish is speed and superiority. It is given explicit form in the advertisements: the clean-jawed young oaf with his blonde on the seat, whirling through the lanes, is prototype for a million Mittys, selling far more than merely petrol. National economies depend heavily on the motorcar business, and it is sustained by promoting power feelings and images of superiority and status.

This is why the chronic efforts to 'solve' all the problems assume acceptance of the motor-car's maximum destructiveness and its right-of-way everywhere, and concern themselves only with trying to mitigate the effects. It is as if Dr. Frankenstein's monster had been found to be a money-spinner, and the hunt for him turned to laying red carpets and nagging people for getting in the way of being his victims. If it is protested that people in cars are not power-crazy fiends, the answer is that the pressures are to send them that way. Those who don't care about going fast are constantly criticized (hold up the traffic, bad drivers, etc.); and those who would prefer not to be in the caper at all are virtually obliged by the hopelessness of public transport.

This, indeed, is the crux of the mattter: we have no choice. Viewing the figures of the numbers killed and injured month in, month out, we might all decide that the price being paid for the pleasures of the horseless carriage was far too great. Looking at the congested, stinking, snail-

moving condition of every town and city, we might well think man's state fallen to ludicrous, undignified depths and wish to start again. Seeing everywhere winding roads chopped straight and land destroyed to speed the incessant flow, we couldwe ought-to ask what is happening to the sensibilities of human beings.

Questions and choices like these would be thought impossible, of course. There is no law forbidding them. They are put aside by 'common sense'-what Einstein called 'the deposit of prejudices'; which means that social consciousness accepts what is as the natural order. The motorcar is here to stay: what we want is more signposts, more crossing-men, more kerb drill, more bypasses, and stiffer fines. Behind it all, no doubt, lie commerce and the economy. But in front of commerce stands the cud-chewing assumption that we cannot choose, now or ever.

This is the difference between the free and the restrictive society. Freedom means the freedom to make choices, both individually and communally: the apparatus of State and authority exists precisely to restrain their being made. Of course the choice has always to be made within available limits; the effort to extend its possibilities, and the limits themselves, is the true dynamic of progress. But in a society such as ours the limits are not perceived because choice is always more or less proscribed.

What to do about the motor-car, then, is part of the question of what to do about society. With it are involved the values and the economic assumptions of the world in which we live. It is often said that society gets the criminals it deserves: likewise, then, a delinquent machine. The answer to death on the roads begins with 'No'-to those values and assumptions, and that sort of society.

R.B.

How to be a True Individualist

Continued from page 2

want to slit another man's throat, because he says 'There is no good in man'. He will not say 'Man is not good because he is sick' because he does not have the imagination to search for the causes. He is as much confused and bewildered as is the psycopath who cannot say why he has the compulsion to kill. He will not bother about the high-incidence of bedwetting in criminals until very late in childhood, even puberty, as bed-wetting would form part of man's 'badness'. He will have a son, who, frustrated by his father's frustrations, his father's obsession about individualism, will wet his bed until adolescence until he decides to slit his father's throat, or if not available at the moment, somebody else's. It is the here and now.

NOBODADDY.

The State Steps In

SURELY BY NOW, the myth that that the Labour Party is the party for the workers has been exposed. Ever since they came to power, the Government has attacked the interests of the working people. This was to be expected and, in fact, the Labour Party leaders gave plenty of warning of these moves well before the General Election.

A WARNING

For instance, Ray Gunter, the present Minister of Labour, said at that time: 'I am persuaded that unless the unions face the facts of life as they are in the late 1960s, then in seven to ten years' time the State will have to intervene. Industrial courts, with the authority of judicial courts, will be created and any dispute will have to be referred to them. Some of my trade union colleagues are gloomy enough to believe that this is inevitable in any case, and that the main object should be to make sure that they are completely independent of any Government. I am not so pessimistic; the unions can do it themselves, but one thing is certain—the trade unions are not eternal. They will exist just as long as they are relevant to the times in which they seek to

Contact Column

The Secular League. Britain's only secular/freethought society, wants association with all progressives. Aims: Equality for all, internationalism-united from the bottom-no UP THE GARDEN PATH pontiffs or political careerists welcome. S.A.E. for principles and objects: J. A. Millar, 139 Elm Road, Section 4, New Malden, Surrey.

Hurry! Hurry! Festival of Fools extended (by public demand) to January 15 and 16 at New Merlin's Cave, Margery Street, W.C.1. LCS Singers' Club. Club members admission 5/-. Non-members 7/6. Tickets may be booked by 'phone. PAR 0649.

Debate. With SPEB on anarchism at 52 Clapham High Street, S.W.4 on Thursday, January 20 at 7.30 p.m. Bill Gape will be putting an anarchist case and would welcome supporters.

The Cuddonites. Announce the seventh issue of Cuddon's Cosmopolitan Review (new series) including offensive cartoons by Arthur Moyse, articles, short stories, verse and literary trivia. Dec./Jan. issue of what has been rudely termed the 'anarchist literary supplement'. One shilling and sixpence from CCR, 283 Gray's Inn Road, London, W.C.1 (or available from Freedom Bookshop).

Accommodation. Wanted, libertarian working girl to join West London (near Marble Arch) mixed community in mid-January. Own sordid room. Rent £2 10s. including electricity and gas. Box 20.

Teach In on Immigration and Integration. January 26 at 1.15 p.m. at Borough Polytechnic (Elephant & Castle).

Contacts Needed. Long Beach, California. USA area. Get in touch with Charles Levy, P.O. Box 743, Long Beach, California, USA.

Accommodation. Couple wishing to 'legalise' quite soon; must find accommodation before doing so for selves and 21-year-old daughter as soon as possible. Cheap rent perhaps in return for some work in house, garden, etc. Town or country; anything, anywhere considered. Please contact Stella A. Fauser, 242 Amesbury Avenue, London, S.W.2.

New Poster War

Want Waste Why? Politics!

31d. each plus postage. Orders to Bill Sticker, c/o 17a Maxwell Road, London, S.W.6.

New Zealand Federation of Anarchists. First Annual Congress, December 26 to January 6. Enquiries Box 5455, Auckland Ci, NZ.

If you wish to make contact let us know.

The Labour Government has not reached this stage yet, but it is well on the way. It has been assisted by the TUC who have been far from 'independent of any Government'. The TUC has gone along with the Government's incomes policy. It did not like Mr. Brown's proposed legislation on 'early warning' on wages and so it voted for a 'voluntary' system. But what has this move achieved? Absolutely nothing. The Government now proposes to bring in legislation anyway and the TUC have tamely agreed

Clive Jenkins, of ASSET, writing in Tribune called this support of the TUC, a 'demonstration of bankruptcy of policy' and 'nothing short of disgraceful', but didn't Mr. Jenkins vote for a Labour candidate at the General Election? Of course

Newsletter, the paper of the Trotskyist Socialist Labour League, has also attacked the proposed legislation. It is calling for a lobby of MPs at the House of Commons on January 26. In another journal, Keep Left, which is a by-blow of the SLL (although they deny it), they call for support for this lobby and say: 'It will be a crime, carrying heavy punishment, if we fight for wages under conditions not approved by the capitalist parliament. This is the outcome of a great conspiracy between the right wing of the Labour Party, the Trades Union Congress and the employers.'

But surely, if it is all a 'great conspiracy', then the SLL are part of

it, for they told their readers to vote for the Labour Party. Does the SLL really think that by lobbying the 'capitalist parliament' it is going to prevent the proposed legislation? Are workers going to be continually led up the garden path by this type of useless activity? I hope not. As for getting the 'left wing' labour MPs to vote against the Government on this matter, their past performances show that there is not a chance of this happening.

Another journal which supported the Labour Party at the last General Election was the Economist. This saw a Labour Government acting as a shot in the arm for British capitalism. In this analysis, they have been quite correct, although now they are getting impatient at the slowness at which it is being achieved.

British capitalism is undergoing a vast technological change, for which it needs a huge amount of capital investment. To get this, it must be shown that the financiers will get a good return for their investments. The Labour Government's Incomes Policy and proposed legislation on wages are the State's way of helping to achieve this return. Wages have to remain within guide lines and so not only are they restricted, but the freedom to take action is threatened.

Modern highly capitalised factories are very susceptible to strike action. When this expensive machinery is idle, it becomes very costly for the employers, therefore stoppages must be prevented, not as in the past by paying up, but with the help of legislation.

We have a Labour Government going hand in hand with the employers to prevent the workers from improving their conditions. To combat this, a strong organisation must be built up at rank and file level. Though this legislation might be a political issue, it can be defeated by the action of the workers themselves. It is not by going to Parliament and by electing a lot of leaders that the plans of the Government and big business will be defeated.

*Socialist Commentary, April 1964. 'Time is Not on our Side' by Ray Gunter.

MORE THAN JUST

THE NEWS THAT a leader of a union has been carted off to jail is, to put it mildly, a little unusual. It happened in America, where Mr. Michael Quill, an Irishman, and eight other leaders of New York's bus and subway workers' unions were arrested for-contempt of court, in refusing to comply with an injunction to end the transport strike.

Soon after being taken to prison, Mr. Quill suffered a heart attack and was transferred to hospital where he is now recovering.

The unions, the Transport Workers Union and the Amalgamated Transit Union, are claiming a four-day, 32-hour week (instead of the present 40-hour week), a 30% wage increase, six weeks' holiday with pay after one year of employment and retirement on half-pay after 25 years of service. These are demands for which it is really worth having a long strike, but surely it is an anachronism that union leaders are showing such militancy. I must admit that it was great hearing such utterance as Mr. Quill's 'the judge can drop dead in his black robes', but without being cynical in any way, I would like to know the motives that are behind this unusual show of militancy.

SPIES AND 'BUGGING'

It seems that eight years ago, the 'boot was on the other foot'. At that time, Mr. Quill's own authority was threatened, in that some subway motormen were dissatisfied with his leadership and formed a breakaway union of their own, called the Motormen's Benevolent Association. and came out on strike. Mr. Quill urged City Hall and the Transit Authority to use the law to break the strike and the new union. The Transit Authority did just this, with the MBA leaders going to jail. The Transit Authority admitted to having spies at an MBA meeting and to 'bugging' their headquarters. Mr. Quill did not raise his voice then and even let the Transit Authority pay out a bonus to his members for helping to break the strike.

One also wonders how far political

motives are involved in this dispute. At the recent elections in New York, the Democrat candidate was defeated by Mr. Lindsay, the Republican. This means that Mr. Quill's old Democrat buddies are now out of City Hall so what could be better than a shake-up for the new Mayor with a transport strike. This does not imply an attack on the strike, but knowing something of Mr. Quill's behaviour in the past and the possible strong motives, one cannot help but question reasons behind the action of the transport workers' leaders.

On the other hand, the strike has shown just what power the workers have, if they are prepared to use it. Even with public transport functioning normally, there is still a traffic problem in New York, but with those workers on strike, it is sheer chaos. What is really happening is that New York, as a commercial centre, is ceasing to exist. Already business interests are feeling the pinch.

How far will the union leadership go and how long are they prepared to fight for the demands? The unions' new bargainer, Mr. MacMahon, says they will stay out 'till hell freezes over'. And if they do not, will the rank and file continue the struggle? I think they could win the demands, or at least a very substantial part of them if they are prepared to carry on the strike. Workers on the railways have already threatened sympathy action if safety limits are exceeded because of overloading. This would really bring New York to a standstill. If need be, their support should be called for, and so win some really worthwhile demands.

P.T.

Frannm For Workers' Control

JANUARY 15 1966 Vol 27 No 2

Banks Have Dark Secrets

IN LAST WEEK'S FREEDOM it was reported that bank employees were going ahead with their wage claim. Later on during the week four banks issued their profit figures and dividends showing an increase of 10s. more in the £ than 1964. On this basis alone one would think that the bank employees should cakewalk their wage claim. After all, we are all in this together, and ALL should share the benefits. Well, that's what George Brown said anyway.

But this is not the whole story, banks only publish figures to show the trend, what they really make is a closely guarded secret. It is suggested they really make twice as much profit as is published. How very cosy! Workers wages and earnings are headline news, plus the fact that figures stated by the press are often misleading, but bankers, for the sake of expediency, safeguard of investment and all that mumbo jumbo, issue phoney figures.

Will George Brown and the 'heavenly body' have a bash at that one? Not ruddy likely! It's the basis of the system the Labour Party wish to perpetuate.

THE REPORT THAT REALLY **NEVER WAS**

THE PIB is expected to publish its report on railwaymen's pay in the very near future and it is strongly rumoured that the Guillebaud principle will be quietly dropped. The Guillebaud Report gave railwaymen a fighting chance (no more than that) in the wages rat-race. It recommended that railwaymen's pay

THE 'Economic League' is an informers' organisation which assists employers in a number of ways. It gets a lot of its information by subscribing to the different 'left wing' papers and the rest from informers within certain organisations such as unofficial rank and file committees.

One of the latest lousy exploits of the 'League' has been to tell the Rochdale firm of Thomas Robinson that one of their employees is connected with the apprentice paper Industrial Youth and that he has been assisting in organising a campaign to achieve higher wages for apprentices. This young worker has now been sacked and as the current issue of IY says: 'He has now been blacklisted and may find it difficult to find work in the future'.

The Trade Union leadership, in general, has failed to do anything to combat the League's activities. The only way to do this is to show the League 'up' for what it is and warn other workers of its activities. As IY says: 'If they come into your factory to lecture the young workers (or the old ones for that matter), on any subject whatever, refuse to attend their "lectures". Fight them and if possible, make sure they never come to your factory again.'

this, but in fact have always been behind (at the moment they estimate to be about 11% in arrears). If the Government do sell out on this vital principle, then the railwaymen have a harder struggle before them than ever before. There is no reason to believe that the Government won't sell out, it's only a matter of taking their policy of wrecking of public transport a stage further. Ask London busmen!

should be kept roughly in line with

earnings of equal work in other

industries. In making their claims rail-

waymen have really struggled to achieve

Stanley Raymond, chairman of the British Railways Board, states that management should be prepared to deprive strikers of fringe benefits such as travel or holiday entitlement or sick pay. This was part of his contribution to the Royal Commission of Trade Unions. Raymond also believes that the responsibility for disciplining workers who take part in unofficial strikes should mainly rest with the unions. He congratulated railwaymen on their self-control during the past five years when the labour force had been reduced from half million to 350,000. This is what is called scientific planning—cut out lines and rationalise the labour force, and to hell with railwaymen and passengers alike.

CAN'T BEAT 'EM?-BLOODY JOIN 'EM

TAUXHALL MANAGEMENT at Luton have appointed four 'trouble shooters' for the Luton plant. The four men to join the management are all trade unionists, an AEU works convenor, a Luton Town Councillor, a sheet metal worker and a production foreman. Their job is to sort out problems arising on the shop floor.

No doubt these men think they can help their fellow workers from the management side. How misguided can you become. When the crunch comes you are employed by the management, and if you want to hold onto the job that's where your allegiance must lie. The policy of so called modern trade unionism is to encourage this policy, they spew forth the idea that workers must prove they know 'what it's all about'. On the contrary, they only know 'what it's all about' when they tell the management where to stick these types of jobs. BILL CHRISTOPHER.

PRESS FUND

WEEK 1, JANUARY 8, 1966 Expenses: 1 week at £80: Income: Sales and Subs.:

DEFICIT

£23

Northampton: R.G. 18/-; Victoria, Australia: K.B. 7/8; London, S.W.2: S.F. 5/-; Isleworth: L.W. 3/-; Yorkshire: L.C. 18/-; Todmordan: G.B. £1 19s. 3d.; Ware: E.B. 7/3; Oxford: Anon* 5/-; Wolverhampton: J.K.W.* 6/-; J.L.* 9/-; London, N.W.2: D.S. 8/-; Sussex: O.M. 2/-; Edinburgh: W.C. 1/-; Upton on Severn: T.H. 16/6; Stroud: S.R. 2/3; Göteborg: C.F. £1 15s.; Cheltenham: L.G.W.* 10/-; New York: E.P. £1 9s. 6d.; Huddersfield: A.L. 8/-; New York: L.H. 10/6; Vermont: T.J. £6 1s. 6d.; London, N.W.3: N.W. 11/6.

TOTAL £18 13 11 *Denotes Regular Contributor.

Starting Again

Subscribe to Anarchist Journals, boost our circulation in 1966 and please keep us out of the red!